



Let us now apply what we have just seen.

2. We want to compute the derivative of  $f(x) = \ln x$ . How can we use the preceding formula?

3. Let us now focus on the derivative of  $f(x) = a^x$ .  
How can we rewrite this function in terms of  $e^x$  and  $\ln x$ ?  
Then what is  $(a^x)'$  ?

4. Compute the derivatives of:

i)  $f(x) = \ln(\sin x)$

ii)  $g(x) = \frac{1}{\ln 3x}$

iii)  $h(t) = 3^{t^2}$

iv)  $f(z) = \log_5 e^z$

v)  $g(t) = \ln(e^{3t} \sin^2 t)$

vi)  $h(x) = \log_2(2^x e^2)$

vii) What is wrong with the following statement?

The derivative of  $f(x) = \ln(\ln x)$  is  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{x} \ln x + \ln x \frac{1}{x} = \frac{2 \ln x}{x}$ .